OLD ENGLAND:
OR,
The CONSTITUTIONAL JOURNAL.

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IN the Study of *English* Antiquities, there is a Quality peculiar to the *English* Nation, in that they do not oftener awake the *great*, than they touch the *tender* Paſſions.— The Records of paſt Times prove as ſtrongly as an Acquaintance with the preſent, that *Good-Nature* is the Characteriſtic of this People. — Amongſt all the different Objects of Humanity none affects a generous Mind more than the Diſtreſs of a Soldier, who brings from the Field the bleeding Marks that he has faithfully ſerv'd his Country, and yet the ſame brave Fellow, perhaps, is ready to be disbanded; and this Night he knows not where he can lay his Head To-morrow.——His Diſtreſs is owing to his own Virtue, which renders his Sword no longer uſeful; and he begins to be miſerable the Moment the Nation dates her recover'd Tranquillity.— This is a Caſe not more *affecting* than it is *dangerous*; and Deſpair has often prompted to the *Invaſion of Property* the Hand which had before been employ'd in the *Defence of Liberty*.

In States where *emerited* Soldiers could be rewarded by a Property in the Soil, which they either conquered or protected, the mangled Limbs and the hoary Heads repos'd beneath their own Shades. Whoever, with a ſearching Eye, traces the Streams which, collecting together, form'd the Flood that bore down the Liberties of *Rome*, will find their Source in the Want of Faith in the Senate, which impiouſly invaded the Eſtates which the moſt eſſential Policy of their Country had aſſign'd to its Soldiers.

A timid, a courtly, a time-ſerving Writer, one who dares not even in the Hour of Retirement indulge a Thought of what is due to the fundamental Liberties of a People, nor ſtretch an Idea beyond his Patron's Judgment, will varniſh over the Breach of the *Agrarian* Laws. But *common Juſtice* as well as *ſound Policy* calls it an infamous, an ungrateful Meaſure; and could the Sword of a *Cataline* have been pointed at the Throats of its Authors without endangering his Country, Poſterity muſt have acquitted him, or done him Injuſtice.

It is with ſecret Satisfaction that an *Engliſhman* contemplates the Reverſe of this Character in his great Anceſtors. Their Conſtitution did not admit rewarding military Virtue when emerited, by any Property in the Soil, but they felt their Sufferings and provided for their Relief. The Poſterity of thoſe who ſerv'd in the two Houſes of Parliament after the Diſappointment of the *Spaniſh* Invaſion, and the Defeat of their *Armada* in the Year 1588, muſt be touch'd with the generous Method in which the Parliament, at that Time, provided for the Relief of thoſe brave Fellows who were ready to have ſacrific'd their Lives for their Country. They were not contented with acting in this Reſpect as Lords and Commons of *England*, but as Men who could feel the Woe and melt at the Miſeries of another. They conſider'd themſelves as being bleſt with a ſuperior Meaſure of Fortune, and therefore with a more extenſive Faculty of relieving. They even took from the Shoulders of an already overburthen'd People ſome Part of their Load; and had the Virtue to render their own Demerits laudable, by making them contribute to ſoften Anguiſh, and remove Diſtreſs.

I hope I am guilty of no Breach of Regard to the high Authority of both Houſes, if I here tranſcribe an Order to prove what I have advanced. On *Thurſday* Morning *April* 5, 1593, the following Order was agreed upon amongſt the Lords: "Whereas the Lords of Parliament, both Spiritual and Temporal, aſſembled in the Parliament Chamber at *Weſtminſter*, have with one uniform Conſent, both in their own Names, and the reſt of the Lords abſent, ordered, That there ſhall be a charitable Relief and Contribution made towards the Relief and Help of a Number of Soldiers, that are ſeen in the time of this Parliament, maimed and ſo hurt in the Wars of *France*, the *Low Countries*, and on the Seas, for the Service of the Queen's Majeſty and of the Realm; and, for that Purpoſe, have allowed that every Archbiſhop, Marquis, Earl, and Viſcount, ſhould pay towards the Contribution the Sum of 40 *s.* every Biſhop 30 *s.* and every Baron 20 *s.* For Collection whereof, there hath been appointed the Queen's Majeſty's Almoner, the Biſhop of *Worceſter* to collect the ſame of Biſhops; the Lord *Norris* to collect the Sums payable by the Lords Temporal: Which hath been diligently done and received by them for all the Lords Spiritual and Temporal that have been preſent, and that have attended to their great Charge on the Service of the Realm in this Parliament. And, conſidering the Number of the Soldiers be very many to be relieved therewith, notwithſtanding the Knights and Burgeſſes of the Commons Houſe have yielded very good and large Contributions, according to their Degrees, for the better Relief of the ſaid maimed Soldiers; it is by the ſaid Lords Spiritual and Temporal, that have given their chargeable Attendance here, and have charitably and honourably yielded to this Contribution, thought meet, and ſo it is ordered and decreed by them, with common and free Conſent, that all the Lords of Parliament that have been altogether abſent in this Seſſions, and that ſhall not have contributed to this charitable Relief before the End of this Seſſions, ſhall be required by Letters to be ſent to them by the Lords that had their Procurations for their Abſence, or by Letters from the Lord Keeper of the Great Seal, required and charged to make Payment to be made according to their Degrees and Vocation, double the Sums of Money paid by the Lords that have been here preſent, and continued their Attendance; that is to ſay, every Earl that hath been abſent 4 *l.* the Archbiſhop of *York* to pay as much, and every Biſhop alſo to pay 3 *l.* and every Baron 40 *s.* and for ſuch as have been here preſent ſometimes, and yet very ſeldom, but have been abſent moſt Part, it is thought meet, that every ſuch Lord Spiritual and Temporal, ſhall, according to their Degrees, pay a third Part more than the Lords that have been preſent. All which Sums of Money they ſhall cauſe to be delivered to the Hands of the Lord Keeper of the Great Seal, to be afterwards by ſuch Spiritual Lords of Parliament as are choſen for that Purpoſe, diſtributed to the maimed Soldiers as ſhall be found to have moſt Need thereof. The like whereof, the Commons aſſembled in this Parliament have ordered for all the Members of that Houſe that are abſent, and have not paid, to contribute in double Manner; which Order is thought very juſt, conſidering the Lords and others that have been abſent, and have been at no Charge to come up and give their Attendance, may very reaſonably, and with a great Saving to their Charges, contribute to this Order. And if any Lord Spiritual and Temporal ſhall refuſe, or ſhall forbear thus to do, (which is hoped in Honour none will do) there ſhall be ordinary Means uſed to levy the ſame."

It would be like holding a Candle to the Sun ſhould I attempt any Encomium upon this Order, which is at once ſo wiſe and humane. Where Taxes are raiſed from Luxury they are ever leaſt felt by the People, and the Charity ariſing from Inadvertencies makes us wiſh that many of the Members had been oftener deficient in their Duties; for tho' the Sums mentioned in this Order may, to a modern Reader, ſeem inconſiderable, yet Money then was at leaſt five Times its Value now, and therefore the Contributions muſt have gone a great Way if every Peer or Member of Parliament, *who were uſeleſs in Parliament*, and indulg'd themſelves in abſenting, paid regularly: When ſuch tranſgreſs'd, their Tranſgreſſions were meritorious, becauſe the Commutation for a dumb, dull, drowſy, droning Attendance ſerv'd to relieve the deſerving and needy.

This Concern for *emerited* Virtue was not confin'd to one Period of *Elizabeth*'s illuſtrious Reign. The great Secretary *Cecil*, in the Year 1601, ſhew'd a warm and becoming Tenderneſs for the Sufferings of Soldiers wounded or worn out in the Service of their Country. He mov'd in Parliament that they ſhould be included in the Statutes relating to the Poor. When a Motion was made that a Bill for that Effect ſhould be committed, his Words are ſo memorable, that every *Engliſhman* on this Occaſion ought to read them: (*a*) "War, ſays he, is a Curſe to all People, and eſpecially the poor Creatures that come from the Wars poor, friendleſs, and unhappy: I am glad you are reſolved this Statute ſhall be kept alive; whereby, in ſome Meaſure, thoſe poor, maimed Souls ſhall be provided for; for both Religion and Charity willeth us to fall into Conſideration of Amendment.

"I do not this out of Popularity, becauſe I have been oftentimes taxed by the Men of War, and more than any Gentleman of *England*: For when I have ſeen Soldiers deceiv'd by their Captains, I have taxed them for it, and that makes me odious unto them: A Captain is a Man of Note, and able to keep himſelf; but a Soldier is not.

"I wiſh not any to think, that I do ſpeak of all Captains, for I make a Difference between the Corn and the Chaff. The Statute is, That the poor Soldier muſt be reliev'd, either by the Country where he was born,

(*a*) Townſhend's Coll. *ad* 44 Eliz. *Ann.* 1601.

or out of which he was preſſed. But if that were amended, and only to be relieved in the Country where he was born, this would yield a more Certainty and and greater Relief; for in a Man's Country, either Charity, Kindred, or Commiſeration will breed Pity, but out of the Country where he was preſs'd, that cannot be expected.

Such were the Sentiments of old *Engliſhmen* upon this affecting Point, and here I ſhall cloſe this Paper after wiſhing that the Hints I have thrown out may be of ſome Service at this Juncture, when like Circumſtances call for the like Attention.

Speedily will be publiſhed,

THE OPERATIONS of the ALLIED ARMY, during the Campaign of 1745.

By the AUTHOR *of the* Operations *of the Years* 1743 *and* 1744.

IRELAND.

Dublin, May 14. Laſt Thurſday Capt. Mercer, Commander of the Beſborough Galley, brought a Ship too off Carrickfergus, who refuſed to anſwer his Signal; on which he manned both his Boats, (the Weather being calm) and ſoon came up with her; when he ordered her to ſtrike, but ſhe refuſed; upon which he fired Small-Arms at the Crew, which they returned. The Engagement continued very warm on both Sides for an Hour and a half, but at the laſt Capt. Mercer's Men boarded her, and found her to be a Scotch Smuggler, bound from the Iſle of Man to the Highlands with 150 Anchors of Brandy, and other Proviſions, for the Rebels. The Scotchmen are now in Irons in Carrickfergus Jail, and will be tried for their Lives.

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, May 15. The laſt Letters from Inverneſs make no mention of the March of his Royal Highneſs the Duke from that Place.

The Priſoners of Diſtinction which were taken in Perthſhire, are ſent North, and it is ſaid they, with about 180 others, will be ſhipp'd for London.

We hear that Capt. Scott, the Governor of Fort William, who was dangerouſly wounded on the 9th Day that Place was beſieged, as he was giving Orders on the Ramparts, is again able to walk abroad.

Priſoners continue daily to be brought in.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Briſtol, May 17. Thurſday laſt John Taylor, Eſq; an eminent Attorney of this City, was married to Miſs Methuen, a beautiful young Widow, a near Relation to Sir Paul Methuen, with a conſiderable Jointure, and a Fortune of 7000 l.

Yeſterday about One at Noon, John Barry, condemn'd at our laſt Aſſizes for Forgery, (but reprieve'd for 21 Days) was executed for the ſame at St. Michael's Hill Gallows ——— At the Place of Execution, he appear'd dreſs'd in a blue Camblet Coat, black Velvet Waiſtcoat and Breeches, white Wig, white Stockings, and new Pumps; and ſeem'd as chearful (or rather hardened in natural Boldneſs) as tho' he had been going to a Wedding. After the Miniſter had done his Office, the Malefactor openly declared, 'That he was innocent (as 'was alſo his Wife) of the Crime for which he came 'there to die: That he knew not of the Death of James 'Barry 'till three Hours after: That tho' it had been 'generally inſinuated he had poiſon'd the Deceaſed, 'yet he ſolemnly declared, no ſuch Thing ever enter'd 'his Thoughts,' and concluded with requeſting, 'That 'his Body might be deliver'd to his Wife, and not 'given to the Surgeons,' which was granted. And after a few Moments ſpent to himſelf, he pull'd his Cap over his Eyes, and throwing his Handkerchief from him as a Sign, the Cart drew away, and launch'd him into Eternity.

Let the Declaration of the Malefactor be received as it will, Care hath been taken to acquaint ourſelves with the Evidence, (who ſeems to be a modeſt, well-behav'd Perſon, at leaſt 18 Years old, whom the Malefactor call'd a Boy) who ſolemnly avers before God, 'That 'the Malefactor himſelf threatened him with Newgate 'if he did not ſign the Will as a Witneſs: That when 'they were before the Maſter in Chancery, in order 'to ſwear to the Will, and he being unwilling to go 'any farther in ſo dark a Deed, Barry pinched him, 'and at length forced him to ſwear alſo to the Will.' He further ſays, That 'Barry's Countenance chang'd ſeveral Times, ſaying, *What will you take away my Life?* (meaning that he ſhould be diſcovered in the 'Forgery if this were not done)' And Haynes, the 'Attorney, ſwore poſitively in Court, 'That he fill'd 'up the blank Will after the forg'd Mark was put to 'it; and that the Malefactor's Wife put the Pen in the 'dead Man's Hand, and guided the ſame herſelf.' Haynes moreover declares, 'That it was the Practice 'of the Houſe to get Sailors who owed them Money, 'to ſign to blank Wills and Powers, and left with the 'Malefactor to fill up after the Perſons were gone to 'Sea.' To corroborate this, the other Evidence declares, That Barry forced him to do ſo, and afterwards receiv'd 11 l. of his Prize Money by Virtue thereof.——The Manner in which this unhappy Man prepared himſelf for Death (faring ſumptuouſly every Day) is not to be deſcribed; and indeed it is greatly to be feared, that his continual Hope of a Pardon, made him put off the true Preparation for Death, 'till at leaſt the laſt Day —— and how he even then appeared a true Penitent, may be gathered from his appearing in ſo gay a Manner at his Execution. ——— But we ſhall leave him as a glaring Example to all others, who, regardleſs both of the Laws of God and Man, dare practiſe the Wickedneſs with which this unhappy Criminal in general ſtood charged.

LONDON.

Monday in the Afternoon a Boat, in which were three Paſſengers, was run down in Chelſea Reach by a Barge under Sail; by which Accident a Man and a Woman were drown'd; the Waterman, and a third Paſſenger, were ſaved by a Boat paſſing by.

Laſt Week Mary Gray was committed to the Gatehouſe by Sir Thomas De Veil, for feloniouſly taking out of the Dwelling-houſe of Mr. Angell Carmey, in the Haymarket, Jeweller, a ſmall Silver Medal, a Pair of Diamond Ear-rings, of one ſingle Roſe Diamond; fifty Leghorn or Chip Hats, and ſeveral other Things, his Property, upon her own Confeſſion.

On Sunday Night a General Court was held at Kenſington, which did not break up till late; after which, an Expreſs was diſpatched to Mr. Trevor at the Hague, which, it is ſaid, carries Diſpatches of the greateſt Importance, in the preſent Situation of Affairs between Holland and France.

Saturday Orders were ſent for Colonel Paulet's Regiment of Marines, now quartered in Kent, to march directly to Portſmouth, there to embark on board his Majeſty's Ships.

The Charming Molly, Mildrum, is taken by the French between Penzance and Falmouth.

Saturday laſt the Corps of the late Duke of Ormond was brought to the Jeruſalem Chamber, to be interr'd in King Henry the Seventh's Chapel in Weſtminſter Abbey.

We are aſſur'd by Letters from Inverara in Argyleſhire, that the two French Men of War mention'd to have had a ſmart Engagement with three of our ſmall Ships, had landed a large Quantity of Arms, Ammunition, Men and Money, for the Uſe of the Pretender's Son.

They write from Bath, that her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Caroline, being greatly mended by the Benefit of the Air and Waters, intends to ſet out from thence for Kenſington on the 30th Inſt. being her Birth Day.

We have Advice from Liſbon, that the Fleet for England, under the Care of four Men of War, were to ſail from Liſbon the 22d Inſt. and that two Men of War of twenty Guns will be ordered continually to cruize on the Liſbon Station.

On Saturday came Advice, that a French Carter Privateer has taken a Coaſter, ſuppoſ'd from Colcheſter for Liverpool, a few Leagues from Beachy Head.

A Tender arrived at Falmouth the 15th Inſt. who left Admiral Mar in well the Day before, cruizing in Lat. 45, with the Squadron under his Command. He had looked into Breſt, and ſaw only three Men of War and a Frigate; the other Men of War were all ſail'd from thence.

We have Advice from New-England, that Capt. Wells, in the Ship Conſtantine, from Cape Breton for the Weſt Indies, is loſt, the Captain and Crew, with part of her Cargo, are ſav'd.

Friday Night near twenty Sailors, arm'd with Cutlaſſes and Bludgeons, went to the Houſe of one Mrs. Davis, in Waſher's Yard Eaſt Smithfield, and demanded Entrance; which being refuſed, they immediately broke open the Door, and beat the ſaid Davis, and another Woman, ſo cruelly, that their Lives are deſpair'd of; after which they drank a great Quantity of her ſpirituous Liquors. The Neighbours hearing the Diſturbance, came to her Aſſiſtance, and ſecur'd four of them; but as they were carrying them before a Magiſtrate, the other Ruffians return'd, beat the Conſtable and his Aſſiſtants, and reſcued their Comrades. Diligent Search is making after them, in order to their being brought to Juſtice.

On Saturday laſt a Waterman having a Fare to carry through Bridge, the Water being very low, the Company would not venture, but got out at Pepper-Alley, in order to be taken in again when the Boat got through, in doing which ſhe ran againſt the Starlings, was ſtav'd, and ſunk immediately, by which Accident the Man was drown'd, but his Boy ſav'd himſelf by ſwimming to Shore.

On Saturday Evening the Seſſions ended at the Old Bailey, when the three Perſons capitally convicted received Sentence of Death. At the Seſſions forty ſeven Priſoners were tried, and thirty-two convicted of grand and petty Larcenies; twenty ſix were ordered for Tranſportation, four to be burnt in the Hand, and two to be whipp'd. Ruſſel, the Highwayman, (late an Attorney's Clerk, of Air-ſtreet, Piccadilly) when the Court had paſs'd Sentence, craved for Mercy, in regard to his tender Years. He was convicted of two Highway Robberies, committed with one Keys, his Accomplice, not yet taken, and there were a great many other Indictments preferr'd againſt them, but the Court thought it unneceſſary to try them.

The Rebels taken at Carliſle were brought to the Bar, and a Council moved in Behalf of the Attorney-General, that they might be continued in Cuſtody till he ſhould be prepared to proſecute them; which the Court granted.

The next Seſſions will begin at the Old Bailey on Wedneſday the ſecond of July next.

The St. Jago, Antonio Delpon, from London to Liſbon, is taken by a French Privateer, and carried into Granville.

His Majeſty's Sloop the Jamaica, Capt. Webb, is returned to Portſmouth from a Cruize, and has brought in a French Privateer Dogger of 6 Carriage Guns, 10 Swivels, and 61 Men.

Tueſday a Staymaker in Little Moorfields ſold his Wife, to whom he had been married ſeveral Years, to a Wire-Drawer near the ſaid Place; and the ſame Day was married to a young Woman in the Neighbourhood.

They write from Bruſſels, that a ſtrong Report prevailed among the foreign Miniſters lately arrived there from Paris, that a new Treaty was either ſigned, or in great Forwardneſs, between the Crowns of France, Sweden, Denmark, and Pruſſia.

We learn by private Letters from the Hague, that on the 27th Inſt. N. S. M. Chiquet, the French Secretary there, had received an Expreſs from Brabant; after which, he declared publickly, that Count Waſſenaer and M. Gilles were ſent for from Bruſſels to the King's Head Quarters, in order to their conferring with the Miniſters upon the Preliminaries for a general Peace.

Tueſday was preached at S. Leonard's Church, Shoreditch, the Anniverſary Sermon on the Wiſdom of God in the Vegetable Creation, by the Rev Dr. John Denne, Archdeacon of Rocheſter, from 1 Kings, ch. iv. ver. 33. (the former Part) *He ſpake of Trees, from the Cedar Tree that is in Lebanon, even unto the Hyſſop that ſpringeth out of the Wall*; purſuant to the Will of Mr. Thomas Fairchild, late of Hoxton, an experienc'd and worthy Gardener.

The ſame Day the Right Hon the Lord Mayor nominated John Knapp, Eſq; Citizen and Wax Chandler (formerly an eminent Dry-Salter, but had retired from Buſineſs to a peaceful Eſtate in Buckinghamſhire ſome Time ſince) as a fit and able Perſon to ſerve the Office of Sheriff of this City and County of Middleſex, for the Year enſuing.

According to ſome Advices from Weſtphalia, the King of Pruſſia will probably make a Tour into Brabant incog. in order to viſit the French and Allied Armies.

Tueſday General Sinclair, Colonel Holmes, and divers other Officers ſet out for Portſmouth, in order to embark with the Forces who are going on a ſecret Expedition; and we hear, that beſides the Six Regiments formerly ordered, there are four more ordered to go upon this Expedition.

We hear that Orders are iſſued for 20 Pontoons, and 30 Gunners to be embarked forthwith from Woolwich for Holland.

His Majeſty will go to the Houſe of Peers the Beginning of next Week, to give the Royal Aſſent to the Bill to attaint of High Treaſon divers Perſons concern'd in the Rebellion, unleſs they ſurrender themſelves on or before the 12th of July next.

We hear there is a Scheme preparing to be laid before the Lord-Mayor, for making two Arches of London Bridge into one, to prevent the Loſs of ſo many Lives, which happen every Year.

Monday Afternoon laſt, two or three Youths waſhing themſelves in the Thames near Weſtminſter Bridge; one of them, who was about ſeventeen, and lately come out of the Country, venturing a great Way into the River, though he could not ſwim, fell into a Ballaſt

Hole, and was never ſeen more. Some Boats went off in Search of him, but the Body was not found: 'Tis ſaid that he was Son to a Brazier near Moorfields. As there are ſuch a great Number of deep Holes in the River, all Perſons, thoſe eſpecially who cannot ſwim, ought to be exceedingly upon their Guard, when they go to waſh themſelves in it.

The following ſix Ships are arrived in the Downs, in order to join the Fleet of Merchantman and Tranſports which are ſpeedily to ſail from thence for Cape Breton, viz. the Weſtmoreland, Shanks; the Landovery, Stone; the Boſphorus, Kennard; the Mary and Eſther, Bedford; the Eſther, Ferne; and the Boſton, Colcott.

The Durſley Privateer, of Briſtol (formerly the Durſley Galley Man of War) Capt. Organ Furnel, of Briſtol, was taken in Lat. 47, by two Frigates, one of 30, and the other of 24 Guns, and carried into Port Louis.

The Benjamin and Ann, Sayers, from Yarmouth to Dublin, is taken by the French, and carried into Cherburgh.

We hear from Scotland, that ſeveral Chapels appropriated to the Service of the Church of England, call'd the Epiſcopal Communion, have been pulled down by Mobs of Soldiers and Presbyterian Rabble.

Wedneſday came Advice, that a Ship for London from Holland, is in her Paſſage loſt by running foul of a Veſſel under Sail, outward bound; and its ſaid, moſt of the People were drown'd.

Sunday Morning a Fire happened at Widow Ewer's at Clewer's Farm, within a Mile of Windſor, which burnt two Barns and the Stables, a Granary filled with Corn, together with the Dwelling Houſe. The Fire was occaſion'd by ſome Youths ſhooting of Sparrows on the Barn, which ſet Fire to the Thatch. The Damage ſuſtained by this Fire is computed at upwards of 1000 l.

Wedneſday died, at his Houſe in St. Paul's Churchyard, Mr. John Clark, a very eminent and wealthy Bookſeller.

Several of the Domeſtics of the Duke of Cumberland, who were to have ſet out on Tueſday laſt to have met his Royal Highneſs at York, have receiv'd Orders to continue in Town till further Notice.

Laſt Monday Night as two young Women were coming along the Minories, they were met by a Man who held them in Diſcourſe till they came to Aldgate, when he ran one of them into an Inn near that Place, and ſhut the other out; and getting her into a Room, by the Help of the Chamberlain, uſed her in a very indecent Manner; in the mean while the young Woman in the Street, made an Outcry, and the Conſtable and Watch coming to her Aſſiſtance, they forced open the Door, juſt as the other had got from the Fellows, and was going to jump out of the Window; on which, the Man and the Chamberlain was ſecured, and committed to the Round-Houſe till Wedneſday, when they were carried before Sir Robert Ladbroke at Guildhall, who ordered them to make the young Woman Satisfaction for the Fright ſhe had been put into, and ſeverely reprimanded them in the Court.

Thurſday Night the Lord Bury, Son to the Earl of Albemarle, and Aid-de camp to the Duke, ſet out Poſt with ſome Diſpatches of Importance for his Royal Highneſs.

They write from Ratisbon, that it is obſerved the Miniſters of certain Princes have frequent Meetings under various Pretences, act exactly in Concert as to all publick Meaſures, and in all their Diſcourſes magnify the Wiſdom of maintaining ſtrict Neutrality, and the Juſtice and Expediency of acting indifferently againſt any foreign Troops that ſhall attempt during the preſent War, to enter or traverſe the Empire; which at this Juncture occaſions much Speculation.

Thurſday being Court-Day at Kenſington, their Royal Highneſſes the Prince and Princeſs of Wales went to Court for the firſt Time in Mourning, for the Prince of Saxe Weiſſenfelds.

Thurſday being the firſt Day of Bow Fair, (commonly called Green Gooſe Fair) a large Preſs Gang poſted themſelves in Paſſages leading from Poplar to that Place, and preſſed ſeveral Sailors, who had nothing elſe to do but to go to ſuch Places of Entertainment.

His Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle has appointed John Larpent, Eſq; of the Right Hon. the Earl of Harrington's Office, and who is Secretary to the Lord Privy-Seal, to be firſt Clerk in his Grace's Office, in the room of Daniel Prevereau, Eſq; lately deceaſed.

The Hound, Capt. St. Clear, bound for Carolina from Scotland, was taken, and was afterwards retaken by a Britiſh Man of War of forty Guns, bound for the Weſt Indies.

On Wedneſday in the Afternoon a Soldier riding an unruly Horſe in Kentiſh Town, was thrown by him; by which Accident his Neck was diſlocated, and he died immediately.

On Tueſday laſt Mr. Clark, a Surgeon in Southwark, was attack'd by two Highwaymen on Black-heath, who robb'd him of his Watch, two Guineas, and ſome Silver.

On Tueſday Night as Mr. Greenaway, an eminent Upholder in Red lion-ſtreet, Holborn, and his Wife, were going along Lincoln's-Inn Fields, a Ruffian came up, and in an Inſtant ſnatch'd a Suit of Lac'd Head-Cloaths off her Head, and got off with his Booty.

The Dean and Chapter of St. Paul's has appointed William Glanville, Eſq; Surveyor of the Admiralty, Victualling, and Navy-Offices, to be Surveyor of St. Paul's, in the room of John James, Eſq; deceas'd, a Place of conſiderable Profit.

We learn from the Hague, that Count de Waſſanaer and M. Gilles, have entirely failed in their Negociation, and are continued at Bruſſels, purely at the Requeſt of the French King, that he may have it always in his Power to renew the Treaty with their High Mightineſſes, or to propoſe by them any Eclairciſſments, as to the great Concern of a general Peace: But it is believ'd when the expected Succours have joined the Allies, theſe Miniſters will be recalled.

The Duke of Cumberland, Capt. Aſſlabee, is arriv'd at Iſtracomb, from Virginia

Laſt Wedneſday Morning his Majeſty's Ship the Lark, Squirrel, and Vulture Sloop, with the London Privateer, and all the outward-bound Ships, ſailed from the Downs to the Weſtward.

This Week the Eaſt India Company ſhipp'd for India 25 Ton of Gad Steel, 40 Ton of Iron Ordnance, 70 Ton of Wrought Iron, 25 Ton of Cordage, 100 Ton of Unwrought Copper, Gun Carriages, Iron Shot and Shells, with other Warlike Stores, and divers other Goods.

Laſt Tueſday Night one Suſannah Graves went into the Poultry Compter, and carried a Suit of Men's Cloaths with her to a Woman Priſoner, in order to diſguiſe her, that ſhe might make her Eſcape, which was accordingly effected: and on Thurſday the ſaid Graves was brought before Sir William Willimot, at Guildhall, and was by him committed to Newgate.

The ſame Day Richard Norton was committed to Woodſtreet Compter by the ſaid Gentleman, for ſtealing a Periwig, value 20 s. out of the Houſe of Mr. John Birch, the Weavers Arms in Grubſtreet.

As was John Tallard, a Boy about 14 Years of Age, to the ſaid Jail, for getting into St. Andrew's Church, Holborn, with Three others not yet taken, on Wedneſday Morning, about Six o'Clock, with an Intent to rob the Church of the Books, &c. They were ſeen getting in at one of the Windows, by a Man who lives near the Place.

Laſt Tueſday Night Mr. Williams of Blackman-ſtreet, Southwark, and his Wife, were attack'd by Three Fellows in Batterſea Fields, as they were coming Home from Wandſworth; but they were prevented from robbing them, by ſome Men coming up to their Aſſiſtance; however, before they made off, one of them ſtabb'd Mrs. Williams in the Back with a Knife. At the ſame Time a Gentleman coming by on Horſe-back, diſcharged a Piſtol at them; which, it is thought, did ſome Execution, a ſmall Quantity of Blood being found on the Spot.

Yeſterday the Commiſſioners of the Exciſe, appointed ——— Stanton, Eſq; to be Collector and Receiver of the Exciſe, for the County of Northumberland, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in the Room of Richard Eyre, Eſq; deceas'd.

We have Advice, that a Ship of upwards of 300 Tons, bound for the Weſt-Indies, is loſt near the Bermuda Iſlands: She was bound from the Mediterranean, and has on board a great Number of Men, the greateſt Part of them are ſaid to be loſt.

BANKRUPT.

Jeffery Kimpland, of Rotherhithe, Surry, Merchant.

This Day is publiſhed,

(Price One Shilling)

The TWENTY-FOURTH and LAST BOOK OF THE

FEMALE SPECTATOR.

Printed and publiſh'd by T. Gardner, at Cowley's Head, in the Strand; and ſold by all Bookſellers in Great Britain and Ireland.

Note, Thoſe who have not yet completed their Sets, are deſir'd to do it with all Expedition.

The following are Encomiums conferr'd on this Work by ſome of the moſt diſtinguiſhing Judges, in Letters ſent to the Printer, as. —— *That it is well-adapted for improving the Morals, and refining the Taſte;——exalts the Ideas;——is a polite and elegant Advocate for private Virtue;—— its Language clear and conſpicuous;——its Stories affectingly related;——judiciouſly blended with Inſtruction and Entertainment;——an admirable Leſſon for the young and unexperienc'd.* &c.

Saturday, March 22, 1745-6, was publiſhed,

Numb. I. of a News-Paper intitled,

THE NATIONAL JOURNAL: Or, The COUNTRY GAZETTE.

And is continued to be publiſhed every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY, in the Evening.

*** This Paper will contain, occaſionally, an Eſſay or Diſſertation on ſome intereſting or entertaining Subject; and a regular and true Account of all Occurrences foreign and domeſtic, ſo as to ſerve by way of a Hiſtory of the preſent Times; for which Reaſon it is printed with ſuch a Margin as to admit of being bound up in a Volume annually; and to make it uſeful to Poſterity as well as the preſent Generation, our Cuſtomers ſhall at the End of every Year have an Index Gratis.

Printed for J. PURSER, in Red-lion-Court, Fleetſtreet; where Advertiſements of a moderate Length are taken in at Half a Crown each. And the Paper will, for the future, be Sold at Three Halfpence.

To all GENTLEMEN, BUILDERS, *and Others,*

ALEXANDER EMERTON, *and* COMP.

At the BELL, *over-againſt* Arundel-ſtreet, *in the* Strand, London,

SELLS all Sorts of COLOURS in in the ſame Manner as his late Father

ALEXANDER EMERTON.

That any Perſon may paint their Houſes, only by the Help of a printed Direction, which he gives with his Colours. And as they are ground in Horſe-Mills, of which there is not the like in England, they are prepared in greater Perfection, and ſold conſiderably cheaper than by any of the Trade, that have not ſuch Conveniences.

He has likewiſe his Majeſty's Letters Patent for the ſole Uſe of an Invention for Painting and Covering of Ships, with a particular Compoſition which abſolutely prevents the Worms from deſtroying, and the Timber from rotting. It alſo makes Timber, Plaiſtering, and other Materials in Building, more durable than any Covering of Lead, Slate, or Tiling, and infallibly preſerves Timber from Fire: It is likewiſe very ornamental, being an exact Imitation of Stone; and, by its ſtrong Cement, may be juſtly deem'd an artificial Stone.

N. B. The Expence is very ſmall, it amounting to no more than Two pence a Yard.

He alſo Sells all Sorts of Water Colours and Varniſh for Japanning; and gives a printed Direction for doing it to the utmoſt Perfection.

Likewiſe Italian Powder for cleaning Pictures, and fine Picture Varnith, which will preſerve the Painting from Decay: And fine Liquid Colours, Shell Colours, and Crayons, for ſtaining Silks, Linnen, Paper, and Parchment.

As ſome ignorant Pretenders have ſet up in the Neighbourhood, to prevent Miſtakes, he deſires the Public to take Notice, that this is the Original Colour Shop, has a Horſe-Mill in it, and is the Third Door from St. Clement's Church, where all Perſons may depend on having their Orders faithfully and ſpeedily executed by

ALEXANDER EMERTON.

N. B. Five Pounds worth of Colours will paint as much Work as a Houſe-Painter will do for Twenty Pounds.

Elizabeth Emerton continues the Buſineſs in Partnerſhip with her Son.

The True Cordial QUINTESSENCE *of* VIPERS, *the moſt Noble and Grand Preparation in the whole* Materia Medica, *for the real, ſubſtantial Cure of* Impotency *in Men, and* Barrenneſs *in Women; and is vaſtly preferable to* Viper Wine, *or any other Preparation of* Vipers *whatever, as being replete with the full and whole Virtues of them.*

A few Drops of it only, gives ſuch a generous Warmth, and ſo exceedingly delights the Vital and Animal Spirits, Senſes, and Nerves, as ſoon to ſhew what it will do, upon a little Continuance of it; for it not only promotes, and prompts to a Deſire, but alſo furniſhes proper Matter, for the Support and Eſtabliſhment of a true laſting Inclination and Power.

By this Means it anſwers the End as well of Food as Phyſick; nor is there any thing in Nature beſides, that can in that Reſpect come up to it conſidering that it univerſally nouriſhes and reſtores in all the Declenſions of Deſire and Vigour, without the leaſt forcing the Veſſels, or ſtimulating the Parts, as moſt other Medicines for theſe Purpoſes do: And though it be a Maxim in Phyſick, that SINE CERERE & BACCHO FRIGET VENUS, that is, in effect, is ſo ſufficiently nutritious as to want no Aſſiſtance that Way; not but it muſt be allowed, that good Eating and Drinking with it, cannot but in ſome Degree, at leaſt as an Auxiliary contribute to its Efficacy.

Nor does it only furniſh Matter and create Deſire, but alſo true Power (as it braces up and corroborates the Teſtes) and gives an elaſtick Springineſs to the Muſcular Erectores Penis in Men, and corrects, cleanſes, and comforts the Uterus, or Womb in Women, the Lankneſs and Laxity of the former, and the Fouleneſs, Coldneſs, or Obſtruction of the latter, being more the Cauſe of Impotency or Infertility in the one Sex, and Indifferency or Sterility in the other than any Thing elſe beſides; and that it is Balſamick, and greatly Reſtorative, is confirmed by long Experience, and we have many Inſtances in Phyſical Writings, of Perſons arriving to a healthful old Age, as well as recover'd from deplorable Decays and Weakneſſes, by a continued Uſe of the common Preperations of Vipers, which this Quinteſſence, by being of vaſtly more Efficacy, brings about in a Quarter of the Time, and with the Tenth Part of the Quantity.

Thoſe who but once try it, will ſo pleaſantly experience it nutritive quickening Properties, in exhilerating the Heart, reviving the Spirits, comforting the Vitals, circulating the Juice, and recreating and renovating, as it were the whole Man, that they will never be without it; for it is ſuch a preſent Help, in Time of Need, as that on the taking then but a Doſe or two more of it than ordinary, it will ſo inſtantaneouſly animate the dull inactive Spirits, and rouze up, and actuate the ſluggiſh enfeebled Faculties, in both Sexes, as to excite and capacitate where it could hardly be expected, and at the ſame Time ſeldom fails to render that conjugal Intercourſe Prolifick. Price Half a Guinea the Bottle.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who uſed to ſell theſe Bottles, being lately dead, it is now Sold only by his Son-in-Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars in Vere Street, Clare-Market, ſealed up, with Direction (for any Meſſenger) upon taking for only a Bottle of Quinteſſence.

ANTI-SIPHILITICON.

THE only ſhort and moſt infallible CURE in the Univerſe for the *Venereal Diſeaſe* from the Eighteſt Infection to the moſt extreme and deplorable Degree of it; even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with it, malignant Ulcers, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Freſh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever ſo ſevere, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and ſo as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, or one Hand, or a ſeminal Gleet, or Weakneſs, to happen on the other.

And the moſt inveterate Degree of the *French Illneſs*, attended with nocturnal Pains, univerſal Breakings-out, and all other the moſt exaſperated Symptoms, are ſoon overcome by it, and effectually and much more ſafely cured than by Salivation, Fumigations, or any other Method whatever, and to ſo eaſy and pleaſant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occaſioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to beſpeak it the only apposite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and the ſame Thouſands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleaſant to take, occaſions no Sickneſs or Diſorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accompliſhed, without the Knowledge of the neareſt Friend.

Thoſe who ſuſpect they have received an Injury may, by only a Dole or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehenſions; for it ſuffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, eaſy, and moſt effectual Manner.

All ſuch, likewiſe, as doubt they have ſome remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, in a few Doſes of it, compleat their themſelves from all Suſpicion of that Kind; for it admits of no Poulticing, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids or to adhere to the Solids, and, on that Account, moſt Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leproſe Eruptions, or Foulneſs of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Inflammation of the Juices, it does more by one Doſe than any other Medicine yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this moſt noble *Anti-Siphilitick* is but Six Shillings a Pint, which, conſidering its extraordinary Efficacy, and Pint only being ſufficient, in moſt Caſes, to accompliſh the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is appointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. Redford's Toy-ſhop at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church-yard, in the Strand, ready ſeal'd up, with a Book of Inſtructions, by the Perſon of whom Perſons who were ever afflicted with any Degree of the *Venereal Diſeaſe* may reſpectfully underſtand their own Conditions, and certainly know when, and wherein, the *Venereal Poiſon* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies. Note, Ask only for a *Six Shilling Pint* for the Sure.

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weaknesſes of all Kinds.

ALL judicious Phyſicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure than *Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes*, whether occaſion'd by too ſevere purging for Venereal Impurity, violent Strains, Pollutions, or any other Cauſe whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Conſequences, as well as difficult to cure, is certain for they exceedingly weaken the finer nerve Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous Syſtem, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Laſting Diarrhea or Conſumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Conſumption which frequently terminate in Death itſelf.

All ſuch therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old ſtubborn Gleets, *Seminal Effluxions*, Involuntary Emiſſions, exceſſive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakneſs of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetes, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtleſs be glad to meet with a certain, ſafe and ſpeedy Cure, what they muſt aſſuredly may, by the taking only a ſmall Quantity of a moſt excellent Balſamick Reſtrictive Electuary, never publiſhed for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice ever experienced it never once to fail perfectly curing the moſt inveterate ones, known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as alſo all other Weakneſſes of the Back, Reins, Seminal Veſſels and Urinary Paſſages, which it almoſt inſtantly cures, bringing to rights and ſtrengthening the Parts and Paſſages to their native Tone and perfect Vigour, in a moſt extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doſes of it only.

This transcendent Balſamick Reſtrictive Electuary is neither diſagreeable to take, nor occaſions the leaſt Diſorder, but is a wonderful Reſtorative in all Weakneſs and Diſorders of Conſtitution of any Kind, and univerſally ſtrengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal Veſſels, Urinary Paſſages, and Parts adjacent, to a moſt amazing Degree, inſomuch that in one Fortnight's Time, more than Ninety out of a Hundred of thoſe who have taken it for any other Cauſe than Venereal Impurity, have found it to have entirely cured them of all Involuntary Emiſſions of Seminal Matter, Gleets, &c. although of the moſt inveterate Kind, as they have voluntarily acknowledged, that they took it for, and that they will recommend it to their Friends and Acquaintance upon the firſt Occaſion offered.

When a Perſon can with Safety, in a moment, have a ſure, ſpeedy and perfect Cure of his moſt obſtinate Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes, and this great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain, too much encourage the Practice of it, and this alone took it for any of the above mention'd Diſeaſes, is eaſily diſcover'd.

The Price is but 6s. a Pint, with perfect abſolute Efficacy, one Pint alone being ſufficient in moſt Caſes to accompliſh a Cure, worth ten times as much, and to be had only at the Author's ſpecial Appointment, as before, at Mr. Redford's Toy-ſhop at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church-Yard in the Strand, ready ſeal'd up, with a Book of Inſtructions, by the Perſon of whom Perſons who were ever afflicted with any Degree of the *Venereal Diſeaſe* may reſpectfully underſtand their own Conditions, and certainly know when, and wherein, the *Venereal Poiſon* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies. Note, Ask *only for a Six Shilling Pint for the Sure*.

To all Gentlemen, Builders, and Others.

THOMAS ETTERIDGE, COLOURMAN,

(*Son in Law to the late Mr* JOSEPH EMERTON, *who in his Life time chiefly managed His Buſineſs*)

At the BELL *and* SUN, *over-againſt Norfolk Street, between St Clement's and the New Church in the Strand, London*

CONTINUES to Sell, in the ſame Manner his late Father did, all Sorts of COLOURS, ready prepared (at the loweſt Prices) for any Gentlemen, Builders, &c. may ſet their Servants or Labourers to Paint their Houſes, only by the Help of a printed Direction, which he gives with his Colours.

He likewiſe ſells to the Ladies all ſorts of WATER COLOURS and VARNISH, with every thing neceſſary for the new Japanning, and gives a printed Direction, for the doing of it to the greateſt Perfection, to thoſe that buy Colours. Alſo Italian Powder for cleaning Pictures, and fine Picture Varniſh.

He deals on a ſure READY MONEY

His Houſe faces Norfolk Street, and not Arundel Street, in the Strand.

The ſo much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, to as never to return again, tho' they ever ſo ſevere, or of many Years ſtanding, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd inſufficient, and that by immediately taking at the very Root or true Cauſe, as well as removing the Effects, of thoſe perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they miſmick, by Turns, almoſt all the Diſeaſes poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Riſe from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigeſtion of Food whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Diſorders in the firſt Paſſages, ill Fumes, ſour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneaſineſs in the Bowels, which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Conſent of Parts affect the Head, and produce ſometimes Giddineſs, Dimneſs of Sight, confuſed Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troubleſome Sleep, Frights, groundleſs Fears, and the deepeſt Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehenſions; at other times, Fits, ſtifling Heats, Reachings, Faintneſs, Lowneſs and Sinking of Spirits and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulſive Diſorders, ſharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakneſs in the Back, and other unſpeakable and grievous Symptoms, which miſerably afflict vaſt Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their ſharpeſt Paroxyſms, theſe ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the moſt valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms and exalted to the higheſt Degree of Perfection poſſible) inſtantly quell, and at the ſame time annihilate their real Cauſe, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a glad Appetite, reſtoring the Digeſtion, occaſioning laudable Chyle and, of courſe, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free and cheerful Spirits, a regular Circulation of the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves ſo that both Cauſe and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, almoſt on the Spot, as the many Thouſands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be ſenſible they are abſolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and laſting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only of Mrs. Holt's, at the Croſs-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions at large.

CONSUMPTIONS of all Sorts. ASTHMA's;
And all Diſorders of the BREAST and LUNGS,
Directly and Infallibly cured,
By the Great CHYMICAL ELIXIR,

WHICH has reſtor'd ſo many Thouſands labouring under the deepeſt Conſumptions and moſt deſperate Aſthma's to perfect Health and Strength in a few Days time, after all other the moſt celebrated Methods and Medicines had been try'd in vain.

It at once ſtrikes at, and abſolutely eradicates the firſt Principle or Cauſe of Conſumptions, whether of the Lungs or of any other Kind; as alſo of Aſthma's or ſhortneſs of Breath, reduces the vicious Ferment of the Blood and Juices, corrects the acrid Salts which erode the Lungs, frees them from all obſtructing Viſcoſities, and does more real Good in one Day than any other Medicine what ever can in Ten.

It aſſuredly retrieves the Patient, tho' reduc'd to a meer Skeleton, and immediately cures the moſt tedious waſting and almoſt ſuffocating Cough, Hoarſneſs, Wheezing, ſhortneſs of Breath, difficulty of Breathing, pain or weight in the Breaſt, ſpitting of Blood, ſore Riſing of the Stomach, Throat, or Windpipe; alſo Catarrhs or Defluxions of ſharp Rheums, and all Peſtical and Aſthmatick Effects, as Quick Fever, Melting Night Sweats and Diarrhœa's or Looſeneſs, in a pleaſant and moſt agreeable Manner.

It is balſamick, healing and ſtrengthening beyond Compariſon, removing all inward waſtings, weakneſs, and Decay of Conſtitution whatever, perfectly cures Ulcers in the Lungs or in any other inward Part, cauſes free and eaſy Reſpiration or long Breathing, and gradually and infallibly cures Aſthma's and all ſorts of CONSUMPTIONS, be they ever ſo bad, without the leaſt Diſorder, Trouble or Confinement; and is indeed the only true Remedy that can be ſure depended upon for the entire Cure of thoſe Maladies.

Nor can the whole Materia Medica, afford a quicker or more certain Cure for common Coughs and Colds; but the great Character of this moſt noble *Chymical Elixir* has ſo juſtly gain'd, for the direct and infallible Cure of *CONSUMPTIONS* and *ASTHMA's*, as has occaſion'd many Attempts to counterfeit it, be careful therefore to have the Right which is to be had only at Mr. *RADCLIFF*'s Toyſhop, at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand, at 3s. 6d a Bottle, with Directions and at no other Place in *England*.

Dr. R. NELSON's *long-experienced* COMPOUND, or *never failing Anti-Venereal Electuary, the like of which is not to be met with,*

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